GROUP

16

INSECTICIDE



ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Contains 3.6 lbs. buprofezin per U.S. gallon

GM

E

EPA Reg. No. 71711-20

(

EPA Est. No. 67545-AZ-1 39578-TX-1 superscript corresponds to lot number

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING-AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements, and Directions for Use

200521 01/13

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gallons



Nichino America, Inc. 4550 New Linden Hill Road Wilmington, DE 19808





FIRST AID		
If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
If on skin	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
HOT! INF NUMBER		

HOTLINE NUMBER abel with you when calling a poison control center or doctor of

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-348-5832 for emergency medical treatment information. In case of fire or spills, information may be obtained by calling 1-800-424-9300.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: There is no specific antidote. All treatment should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING-AVISO

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses). Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves
- · Protective eyewear
- · Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should: Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4–6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters.





DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical resistant (such as nitrile or butyl) gloves
- Protective eyewear
- Shoes plus socks

GENERAL INFORMATION

COURIER® SC insect growth regulator is effective against the nymphal stages of whiteflies, scales, mealybugs, planthoppers, and leafhoppers by inhibiting chitin biosynthesis, suppressing oviposition of adults, and reducing viability of eggs. **COURIER SC** insect growth regulator is not an adulticide. Evidence of activity may be slower than typical contact insecticides as treated susceptible pests may remain alive on the plant for 3-7 days; however pests have stopped feeding, and any feeding damage during this time is typically very low.

COURIER SC insect growth regulator is not disruptive to beneficial insects and mites.

COURIER SC insect growth regulator is a contact insecticide, so good spray coverage is necessary. Apply by ground or air in sufficient water volume. Orient nozzles to assure good coverage. Use of higher volume of water will assure better coverage, especially under adverse conditions such as hot, dry weather and/or a dense canopy. The entire field should be treated. Apply when economic infestations occur based on local information.

COURIER SC insect growth regulator is not for sale, sale into, distribution, and or use in Nassau and Suffolk counties of New York state.

INSECTS CONTROLLED

Whiteflies: Ash whitefly; Bandedwinged whitefly; Greenhouse whitefly; Silverleaf whitefly; Sweetpotato whitefly Mealybugs: Citrus mealybug; Comstock mealybug; Gill's mealybug; Grape mealybug; Longtailed mealybug; Mexican mealybug; Obscure mealybug; Striped mealybug; Vine mealybug;

Leafhoppers and Planthoppers: Brown planthopper; Cherry leafhopper; Eastern grape leafhopper; Glassywinged sharpshooter; Potato leafhopper; Variegated leafhopper; Western grape leafhopper; White apple leafhopper







USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Crop Rotational Restrictions:

Crop/Crop Group	Plantback Timing	
All crops registered for use with buprofezin	0 days following application	
Cereal grains	30 days following application	
All other crops	60 days following application	

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

COURIER SC insect growth regulator is classified by IRAC in Group 16 – chitin biosynthesis inhibitors and is not known to be cross-resistant to other classes of insecticides. However, insect pests are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly. Because resistance development cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the crop and use area. Such strategies may include rotating with insecticides with different modes of action. Consult your local pest control advisor or extension office for details. If resistance to this product develops in your area, it may not provide adequate control. If you experience difficulty with control, and resistance is a likely cause, consult your local state university horticultural specialist or local agricultural authorities for the best alternative method of control. To preserve the usefulness of COURIER SC insect growth regulator, do not make more than two consecutive applications. Prior to subsequent applications, use an alternative chemistry with a different mode of action. Always consult your local crop advisor for the most appropriate control decision for your area. Resistance management strategies advise against applying rates lower than those recommended on the label.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Applications should be made immediately after the spray solution is prepared. Thorough spray coverage is essential for effective control. Applications may be made with high or low volume spray equipment that provides thorough coverage of the plant. Apply with properly calibrated spray equipment. For best results, apply when pest populations are beginning to build, before reaching economic thresholds. Consult your local agricultural advisor or state cooperative extension service for recommendations.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

Shake well before using. Read and follow all label directions for each tank mix product prior to any tank mixing with **COURIER SC** insect growth regulator. This product can be mixed with other registered pesticides for use on labeled crops or sites, in accordance with the most restrictive use directions and precautions. No labeled dose rate should be exceeded. **COURIER SC** insect growth regulator cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

COURIER SC Insect Growth Regulator Alone: Begin with clean equipment. Fill spray tank with ¾ of the amount of water needed for the intended application and then turn on agitation. Pour recommended amount of product on the surface of water in the spray tank. Add the balance of the water to the spray tank with agitation running. Keep agitation running during filling and spraying operations. If spraying must be stopped before emptying the sprayer, resume agitation before spraying the remainder of the load.

COURIER SC Insect Growth Regulator Tank Mixtures: Follow all use directions as listed above under **COURIER SC Insect Growth Regulator Alone** with the following exception: after **COURIER SC** insect growth regulator is thoroughly mixed and the tank is ¾ full, add the recommended amount of wettable powder, soluble powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, or soluble liquid product, **while maintaining agitation**. Then continue adding water to the tank to achieve the desired level, while maintaining agitation.





tank mix with products that contain boron, chromium, or other micronutrients.

COURIER SC Insect Growth Regulator Tank Mixtures with Products in Water-Soluble Packaging: Follow all use directions as listed above under COURIER SC Insect Growth Regulator Alone with the following exception: add the desired number of water-soluble bags to the tank (if allowed by their label instructions) at the same time the COURIER SC insect growth regulator is added. Note: If using products in water soluble packaging, do not

COURIER SC insect growth regulator is physically and biologically compatible with many registered pesticides, fertilizers, or micronutrients. Contact your supplier for advice when considering mixing **COURIER SC** insect growth regulator with other pesticides, fertilizers, or micronutrients. If you have no experience with the combination you are considering, you should conduct a test to determine physical compatibility. To determine physical compatibility, add the recommended proportions of each chemical with the same proportion of water as will be present in the chemical supply tank into a suitable container; mix thoroughly, and allow to stand for five minutes. If the combination remains mixed, or can be readily remixed, the mixture is considered physically compatible.

SPRAY DRIFT REDUCTION MANAGEMENT

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. **Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.**

Importance of Droplet Size

An important factor influencing drift is droplet size. Small droplets (<150 - 200 microns) drift to a greater extent than large droplets. Within typical equipment specifications, applications should be made to deliver the largest droplet spectrum that provides sufficient control and coverage. Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

Ground Applications

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application. For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy. For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two (2) rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

Aerial Applications

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter. Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size. Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces the exposure of the droplets to evaporation and wind.

Wind Speed Restrictions

Drift potential increases at wind velocities of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size, canopy, and equipment specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph, and avoid gusty and windless conditions. Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.



Restrictions During Temperature Inversions

Do not make ground applications during temperature inversions. Drift potential is high during temperature inversions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Temperature inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by mist or ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source. Smoke that layers and moves laterally near the ground surface in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical mixing.

APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR COURIER SC INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR

Bean, Succulent

succulent forms of the following beans: *cicer arietinum* (chickpea, garbanzo bean); *lupinus* spp. (including sweet lupine, white sweet lupine, white lupine, grain lupine); *phaseolus* spp. (including kidney bean, lima bean, mung bean, navy bean, pinto bean, snap bean, waxbean); *vicia faba* (broad bean, fava bean); *vigna* spp. (including asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, cowpea)

Pest	Rate/Acre	Notes and Use Restrictions	
Leafhoppers	9.0 to 13.6	• For ground application, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre.	
Planthoppers	fl oz/acre	• For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre.	
Whiteflies		Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.	
	(0.25 to 0.38	Allow at least 14 days between applications.	
	lb ai/acre)	Do not apply more than 27.2 fl oz per acre per crop cycle.	
		Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days	
		RECOMMENDATIONS	
		Treatment should be applied when nymphal population level reaches economic threshold.	
		Good coverage is essential. Use of a higher volume of water will assure better coverage, especially under adverse conditions, such as hot, dry	
		weather and/or a dense canopy. Use the higher application rate and spray volume when treating a rapidly increasing insect population.	





Low-Growing Berry (Crop Subgroup 13-07G) strawberry; bearberry; bilberry; blueberry, lowbush; cloudberry; cranberry; lingonberry; muntries; partridgeberry		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Notes and Use Restrictions
Leafhoppers Planthoppers Whiteflies	9.0 to 13.6 fl oz/acre (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai/acre)	 For ground application, use a minimum of 80 gallons of water per acre. For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow at least 10 days between applications. Do not apply more than 27.2 fl oz per acre per crop cycle. Preharvest Interval (PHI): 3 days
		RECOMMENDATIONS Treatment should be applied when nymphal population level reaches economic threshold. Good coverage is essential. Use of a higher volume of water will assure better coverage, especially under adverse conditions, such as hot, dry weather and/or a dense canopy. Use the higher application rate and spray volume when treating a rapidly increasing insect population.





Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables (Crop Group 5)

broccoli; broccoli, Chinese (gai lon); broccoli raab (rapini); Brussels sprouts; cabbage; cabbage, Chinese (bok choy); cabbage, Chinese (napa); cabbage, Chinese mustard (gai choy); cauliflower; cavalo broccolo; collards; kale; kohlrabi; mizuna; mustard greens; mustard spinach; rape greens

Turnip Tops or Turnip Greens

broccoli raab (raab, raab salad); hanover salad; turnip tops (turnip greens)

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Notes and Use Restrictions
Leafhoppers Planthoppers Whiteflies	9.0 to 13.6 fl oz/acre (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai/acre)	 For ground application, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow at least 7 days between applications. Do not apply more than 27.2 fl oz per acre per crop cycle. Preharvest Interval (PHI): 1 day
		RECOMMENDATIONS Treatment should be applied when nymphal population level reaches economic threshold. Good coverage is essential. Use of a higher volume of water will assure better coverage, especially under adverse conditions, such as hot, dry weather and/or a dense canopy. Use the higher application rate and spray volume when treating a rapidly increasing insect population.





Cotton		
Pest	Rate/Acre	Notes and Use Restrictions
Whiteflies	9.0 to 12.5 fl oz/acre (0.25 to 0.35 lb ai/acre)	 For ground application, use 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre. For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow at least 28 days between applications. Do not apply more than 24.9 fl oz per acre per crop cycle. Preharvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
		RECOMMENDATIONS Treatment should be applied when nymphal population level reaches economic threshold. Good coverage is essential. Use of a higher volume of water will assure better coverage, especially under adverse conditions, such as hot, dry weather and/or a dense canopy. Use the higher application rate and spray volume when treating a rapidly increasing insect population.



(0.25 to 0.38

lb ai/acre)

APPLICATION RATE CHART FOR COURIER SC INSECT GROWTH REGULATOR (continued)

Cucurbit Vegetables (Crop Group 9) cucumbers; melons (cantaloupe, honeydew melons, watermelons, muskmelons); pumpkins; squash Pest Rate/Acre Notes and Use Restrictions Leafhoppers 9.0 to 13.6 • For ground application, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. Planthoppers fl oz/acre • For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Whiteflies • Do not make more than 4 applications per year.

population.

Preharvest Interval (PHI): 1 day
RECOMMENDATIONS
Treatment should be applied when nymphal population level reaches
economic threshold.
Good coverage is essential. Use of a higher volume of water will assure better coverage, especially under adverse conditions, such as
hot, dry weather and/or a dense canopy. Use the higher application
rate and spray volume when treating a rapidly increasing insect

• Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle.

• Do not apply more than 27.2 fl oz per acre per crop cycle.

• Allow at least 7 days between applications.





Fruiting Vegetables (Crop Group 8-10)

African eggplant; bush tomato; cocona; currant tomato; eggplant; garden huckleberry; goji berry; groundcherry; martynia; naranjilla; okra; pea eggplant; pepino; pepper (bell); pepper (nonbell); roselle; scarlet eggplant; sunberry; tomatillo; tomato; tree tomato; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Rate/Acre	Notes and Use Restrictions
Mealybugs	13.6 fl oz/acre (0.38 lb ai/acre)	For ground application, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow at least 5 days between applications. Do not apply more than 27.2 fl oz per acre per crop cycle. Preharvest Interval (PHI): 1 day RECOMMENDATIONS Treatment should be applied when nymphal population level reaches economic threshold. Good coverage is essential. Use of a higher volume of water will assure better coverage, especially under adverse conditions, such as hot, dry weather and/or a dense canopy. Use the higher application rate and spray volume when treating a rapidly increasing insect population.
Leafhoppers Planthoppers Whiteflies	9.0 to 13.6 fl oz/acre (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai/acre)	

Leafy Vegetables (Crop Group 4) - Except Brassica Vegetables

amaranth (Chinese spinach); arugula (roquette); cardoon; celery; celery, Chinese; celtuce; chervil; chrysanthemum, edible-leaved; chrysanthemum, garland; corn salad; cress, garden; cress, upland; dandelion; dock (sorrel); endive (escarole); fennel, Florence; lettuce, head and leaf; orach; parsley; purslane, garden; purslane, winter; radicchio (red chicory); rhubarb; spinach; spinach, New Zealand; spinach, vine; Swiss chard

radicello (red chicory), mubarb, spinach, spinach, new Zearand, spinach, vine, Swiss chard			
Pest	Rate/Acre	Notes and Use Restrictions	
Leafhoppers Planthoppers Whiteflies	9.0 to 13.6 fl oz/acre (0.25 to 0.38 lb ai/acre)	 For ground application, use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Do not make more than 4 applications per year. Do not make more than 2 applications per crop cycle. Allow at least 7 days between applications. Do not apply more than 27.2 fl oz per acre per crop cycle. Preharvest Interval (PHI): 7 days 	
		RECOMMENDATIONS Treatment should be applied when nymphal population level reaches economic threshold. Good coverage is essential. Use of a higher volume of water will assure better coverage, especially under adverse conditions, such as hot, dry weather and/or a dense canopy. Use the higher application rate and spray volume when treating a rapidly increasing insect population.	







Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container, unopened, in a cool, dry place.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ½ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then, offer for recycling if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State or local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following conditions, warranty, disclaimer of warranties, and limitations of liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be accurate and must be followed carefully. However, because of extreme weather and soil conditions, use methods and other factors beyond the control of Nichino America, Inc. (NAI), it is impossible for NAI to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. As a result, crop injury or ineffectiveness is always possible. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks are assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of NAI is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, NAI disclaims any liability whatsoever for incidental or consequential damages, including, but not limited to, liability arising out of breach of contract, express or implied warranty (including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose), tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT THE ELECTION OF NICHINO AMERICA, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

© 2013 Nichino America, Inc. COURIER® is a trademark of Nichino America, Inc.

SL-2 030411-9 12/07/2012

Formulated and Packaged in U.S.A. for

Nichino America, Inc. 4550 New Linden Hill Road Wilmington, DE 19808 888-740-7700

12



GROUP

16

INSECTICIDE



ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Contains 3.6 lbs. buprofezin per U.S. gallon

GM

E

EPA Reg. No. 71711-20

EPA Est. No. 67545-AZ-1 39578-TX-1 superscript corresponds to lot number

WARNING-AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See attached booklet for First Aid, Precautionary Statements, and Directions for Use

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 gallons

200521 01/13



Nichino America, Inc. 4550 New Linden Hill Road Wilmington, DE 19808

file: 51048-3_base_art folder: 51048-3_nichino_208171-7 colors: black, 3025

created by: customer alt: 01-30-13 ek size: 7" (w) x 7" (h)



