

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Name:** Eraser Max  
**EPA Reg. No.:** 35935-94-53883  
**Product Type:** Mixture of Glyphosate, isopropylamine salt and Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt  
**Company Name:** Control Solutions, Inc.  
 5903 Genoa Red Bluff  
 Pasadena, TX 77507  
 281-892-2500  
**Telephone Numbers:** For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,  
 Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300  
 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call SafetyCall: 1-866-897-8050

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some classifications on this SDS are not the same as on the FIFRA label. Certain sections are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION for explanation.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### PHYSICAL HAZARDS:

Not Hazardous

### HEALTH HAZARDS:

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Hazardous to aquatic environment, acute Category 2

Hazardous to aquatic environment, chronic Category 2

### SIGNAL WORD:

DANGER

### HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Causes serious eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Avoid release to the environment.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS	CAS NO.	% BY WEIGHT
Glyphosate, Isopropylamine salt	38641-94-0	42.3 - 45.0
Imazapyr, isopropylamine salt	81510-83-0	0.70 - 0.86
Other Ingredients	Trade Secret	Trade Secret

**Synonyms:** Glyphosate IPA; N-(phosphonomethyl) glycine, in the form of its isopropylamine salt; Imazapyr IPA, isopropylamine salt of imazapyr

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**If in Eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get immediate medical attention.

**If Swallowed:** Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms develop, get medical advice.

**If on Skin or Clothing:** Take off contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If Inhaled:** Move person to fresh air. If symptoms develop, get medical advice.

**Most Important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:** Causes severe eye irritation and possible damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment if needed:** For eye exposure, seek immediate medical attention. For ingestion there is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Recommended for large fires: foam or water spray. Recommended for small fires: dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Firefighters should wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** If water is used to fight fire, contain runoff, using dikes to prevent contamination of water supplies. Dispose of fire control water later.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products (Under Fire conditions):** May produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and oxides of carbon, nitrogen and phosphorous.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal Precautions:** Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

**Environmental Precautions:** Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

**Methods for Containment:** Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

**Methods for Cleanup and Disposal:** Pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Collect washings for disposal. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

**Other Information:** Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### HANDLING:

Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Wash outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### STORAGE:

Store product in original container in a safe place and protect from freezing. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Engineering Controls:

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

### Personal Protective Equipment:

**Eye/Face Protection:** To avoid contact with eyes, wear chemical goggles. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

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**Skin Protection:** To avoid contact with skin, wear long pants, long-sleeved shirt, shoes plus socks, and chemical-resistant gloves. Washing facilities should be readily accessible to the work area.

**Respiratory Protection:** Not normally required. If mists or vapors exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

**General Hygiene Considerations:** Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored; 2) wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

## Exposure Guidelines:

Component	OSHA		ACGIH		Unit
	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	
Glyphosate	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Imazapyr	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Other Ingredients	NE	NE	NE	NE	

NE = Not Established

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Appearance:</b>	Clear yellow liquid
<b>Odor:</b>	Slight odor
<b>Odor threshold:</b>	No data available
<b>pH:</b>	4.22
<b>Melting point/freezing point:</b>	No data available
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	200° F
<b>Flash point:</b>	>200° F
<b>Evaporation rate:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	Not applicable
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Vapor pressure:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Vapor density:</b>	No data available
<b>Relative density:</b>	1.171 g/mL @ 20° C
<b>Solubility(ies):</b>	Soluble
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:</b>	No data available
<b>Autoignition temperature:</b>	Not applicable
<b>Decomposition temperature:</b>	No data available
<b>Viscosity:</b>	14.7 centipoise at 40° C

**Note:** Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** Not reactive.

**Chemical Stability:** This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Will not occur.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents: bases and acids.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Under fire conditions may produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and oxides of carbon, nitrogen and phosphorous.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Likely Routes of Exposure:** Eye contact, Skin contact

**Eye:** Causes severe eye irritation and possible irreversible eye damage.

**Skin:** Slightly toxic and non-irritating based on toxicity studies.

**Inhalation:** Low inhalation toxicity. Inhalation of mists may cause coughing and sneezing.

**Ingestion:** Slightly toxic if ingested based on toxicity studies. No significant adverse health effects are expected to develop if only small amounts (less than a mouthful) are swallowed.

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## Toxicological Data:

Data from laboratory studies on this product are summarized below:

**Oral:** Rat LD<sub>50</sub>: >5,000 mg/kg

**Dermal:** Rat LD<sub>50</sub>: >5,000 mg/kg

**Inhalation:** Rat 4-hr LC<sub>50</sub>: >2.06 mg/l (no mortality at highest attainable dose)

**Eye Irritation:** Rabbit: Moderately irritating under test conditions with corneal involvement persisting for 21 days.

**Skin Irritation:** Rabbit: Slightly irritating

**Skin Sensitization:** Not a contact sensitizer in guinea pigs following repeated skin exposure.

**Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects:** Repeated overexposure to glyphosate may decrease body weight gains and effects to liver. For imazapyr, no adverse effects at approximately 1,700 mg/kg/day (highest dose tested).

**Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects:** Prolonged overexposure to glyphosate may cause effects to the liver.. EPA has given glyphosate a Group E classification (evidence of non-carcinogenicity in humans). Canada PMRA has classified glyphosate as non-carcinogenic. In 2015 IARC classified glyphosate as a probable human carcinogen Group 2A based on limited human evidence and some evidence in animals. Imazapyr did not cause cancer in laboratory animals. EPA has classified imazapyr as a Group E (evidence of non-carcinogenicity for humans) carcinogen.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** In laboratory animal studies with glyphosate, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

**Developmental Toxicity:** In animal studies, glyphosate did not cause birth defects in animals; other effects were seen in the fetus only at doses which caused toxic effects to the mother. The results of animal studies with imazapyr gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect.

**Genotoxicity:** Glyphosate has produced no genetic changes in a variety of standard tests using animals and animal or bacterial cells. For imazapyr, no mutagenic effect was found in various tests with microorganisms and mammals.

## ASSESSMENT CARCINOGENICITY:

Component	Regulatory Agency Listing As Carcinogen			
	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Glyphosate IPA Salt	No	2A	No	No
Imazapyr	No	No	No	No
Other Ingredients	No	No	No	No

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Ecotoxicity:

Data on Glyphosate Acid:

96-hour LC <sub>50</sub> Bluegill:	120 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail 8-day Dietary LD <sub>50</sub> :	>4,500 ppm
96-hour LC <sub>50</sub> Rainbow Trout:	786 mg/l	Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC <sub>50</sub> :	>4,500 ppm
48-hour EC <sub>50</sub> Daphnia:	780 mg/l		
96-hour EC <sub>50</sub> Diatoms:	1.3 mg/l		
14-day EC <sub>50</sub> Duckweed:	25.5 mg/l		
72-hour EC <sub>50</sub> Algae:	450 mg/l		

Data on Imazapyr:

96-hour LC <sub>50</sub> Bluegill:	>100 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail 8-day Dietary LC <sub>50</sub> :	>5,000 ppm
96-hour LC <sub>50</sub> Rainbow Trout:	>100 mg/l	Bobwhite Quail Oral LD <sub>50</sub> :	>2,150 mg/kg
48-hour EC <sub>50</sub> Daphnia:	>100 mg/l	Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC <sub>50</sub> :	>5,000 ppm
7-day EC <sub>50</sub> Green Algae:	71 mg/l	Mallard Duck Oral LD <sub>50</sub> :	>2,150 mg/kg
Honey Bee LD <sub>50</sub> :	>100 mg/bee		

### Environmental Fate:

In the environment glyphosate adsorbs strongly to soil and is expected to be immobile in soil. Glyphosate is readily degraded by soil microbes to AMPA (aminomethyl phosphonic acid) that is further degraded to carbon dioxide. Glyphosate and AMPA are unlikely to enter ground water due to their strong adsorptive characteristics. Terrestrially-applied glyphosate has the potential to move into surface waters through soil erosion because it may be adsorbed to soil particles suspended in the runoff. Aquatic applications registered for certain formulations may also result in glyphosate entering surface waters. Complete degradation is slow, but dissipation in water is rapid because glyphosate is bound in sediments and has low biological availability to aquatic organisms. These characteristics suggest a low potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms and this has been verified by

laboratory investigations of glyphosate bioconcentration in numerous marine and freshwater organisms with and without soil. The maximum whole body bioconcentration factors for fish were observed to be less than 1X. Bioconcentration factors for sediment dwelling mollusks and crayfish tended to be slightly higher, but were always less than 10X. In addition, any residues accumulated in organisms were rapidly eliminated.

Imazapyr is degraded by microbial metabolism and can be relatively persistent in soils. It has an average half-life in soils that ranges from 2 weeks to 5 months. Half-lives tend to be shorter in forest litter and soils. Imazapyr is water-soluble and variably binds to organic materials in the soils. Although the potential to leach is high, leaching is limited under typical field conditions. In water, imazapyr can be rapidly degraded by photolysis with a half-life averaging 2 days. Due to its rapid photodegradation by sunlight, water contamination by imazapyr is generally not of concern.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### **Waste Disposal Method:**

Wastes resulting from use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container retains vapors and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned or destroyed. Pesticide wastes may be acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### **Container Handling and Disposal:**

**Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

**Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

**Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. If recycling or reconditioning is not available, puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

**Triple rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

**Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

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Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this MSDS.

**DOT:**

Non Regulated

**IMDG:**

Non Regulated

**IATA:**

Non Regulated

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### EPA FIFRA INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

Danger. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes or on clothing.

### U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

**TSCA Inventory:** This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

**SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:**

**Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370):**

Acute Health

**Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):**

None

**Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:**

None

**RCRA Waste Code:**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

**State Information:**

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

**California Proposition 65:** Not Listed.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:**

**Rating for this product: Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0**

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This SDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "Information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof, Control Solutions, Inc. makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving same will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will Control Solutions, Inc. be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon Information.

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

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**Date of Issue:** May 15, 2015